

# MB886

Socket LGA775 Pentium® 4  
Intel® 945G Chipset  
Industrial Motherboard

## USER'S MANUAL

Version 1.1

Appendix at the end

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# Introduction

## Checklist

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Your MB886 Pentium® 4 motherboard package should include the items listed below:

- The MB886 motherboard
- This User's manual
- 1 Back I/O shield
- 1 IDE cable
- 1 Floppy cable
- 1 SATA cable
- 1 Serial-Port cable
- 1 CD containing the following:
  - Chipset Drivers
  - Flash Memory Utility

## Product Description

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The MB886 LGA 775 Pentium® 4 motherboard incorporates the Intel 945G chipset that can utilize a single LGA775 processor of up to 4.0GHz or higher and supports FSB frequency of 533/800/1066Mhz (133MHz(533MT/s), 200MHz(800MT/s) and 266MHz(1066MT/s) HCLK respectively. MB886 supports Intel® **Core™2 Duo** processors, Pentium® D dual core CPU and Pentium® 4 single core CPU. It also supports EMT64 processors.

MB886 has four DDR2 memory sockets to support DDR2 400/533/667 SDRAM DIMM modules of up to 4GB in capacity. The board is designed with one Intel 82573L PCI Express Gigabit LAN single controllers. Four Serial ATA connectors offer 3 Gb/s data throughput speed - faster than the most advanced parallel ATA.

Expansion is provided by four PCI slots, two PCI Express x1 and one PCI Express x16. Other advanced features include eight USB 2.0 ports, IrDA interface, digital I/O, four serial ports, watchdog timer and audio function. Dimensions of the board are 12" by 9.5" in an ATX form factor.

# Specifications

## MB886

### Socket LGA775 Pentium® 4 ATX Motherboard w/ Intel® 945G Chipset

#### Features

- Supports Intel® Core™2 Duo, Pentium® 4 / Celeron® D processors Up to 3.8GHz+, 533MHz/800MHz/1066MHz FSB
- DDR2 DIMM x 4, max. 4GB
- ICH7 10/100 and Intel PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet
- Integrated Intel® 945G VGA, CRT support
- 4 x SATA II, 8 x USB 2.0, 4 x COM, Watchdog timer, Digital I/O
- 4 x PCI, 1 x ISA, 2 x PCI Express (x1), 1 x PCI Express (x16) slots

#### System

CPU	Socket LGA775 for Intel® Core™2 Duo, Pentium® 4 / Celeron® D, up to 3.8GHz+
System Memory	DDR2 DIMM x 4, max. 4GB, 533/667MHz
System Chipset	Intel® 945G + ICH7, 533MHz/800MHz/1066MHz FSB
BIOS	Award 4Mbit
Watchdog Timer	256 levels
SSD	NA
H/W Monitor	Yes
Expansion Slot	4 PCI, 2 PCI Express (x1), 1 PCI Express (x16), 1 ISA

#### Graphics

VGA Controller	Intel® 945G integrated
VGA Memory	Shared memory Max. 224MB
LCD Interface	N/A

#### Ethernet

Controller	ICH7 integrated with 82562ET PHY 10/100 and Intel 82573L PCI Express Gigabit LAN
Connector	Two RJ-45 on board

#### Multi I/O

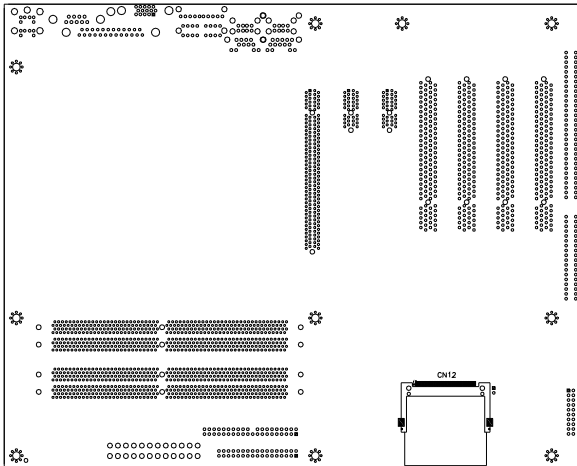
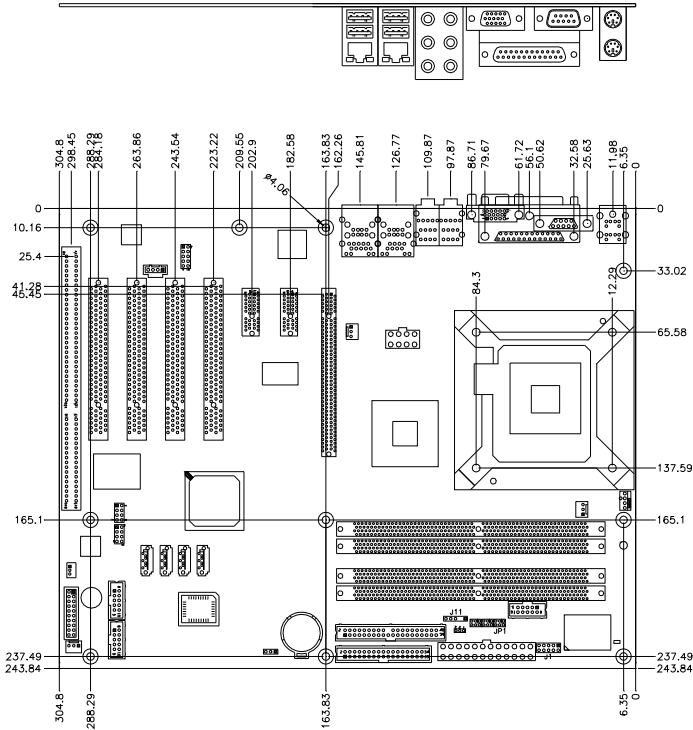
Chipset	ICH7, Winbond 83627EHF, Fintek F81216 1x IDE (UDMA33/66/100), 1x FDD, 1x KB, 1x Mouse 4x RS-232, 4x SATA II (300MB/s)
USB	4 ports on board Pin header for 4 ports (USB 2.0)
Audio	Built-in audio + AC97 codec
Others	IrDA, 4-in/4-out digital I/O

#### Mechanical and Environmental

Dimensions	305mm x 244mm (12" x 9.6")
Max. Power Requirement	TBC
Operating Temperature	0°C~60°C (32°F~140°F)
Storage Temperature	-20°C~80°C (-68°F~176°F)
Relative Humidity	10%~90% (non-condensing)

**Remarks:** MB886 supports Intel® Core™2 Duo processors, Pentium® D dual core CPU and Pentium® 4 single core CPU. It also supports EMT64 processors.

# Board Dimensions





## Installations

This section provides information on how to use the jumpers and connectors on the MB886 in order to set up a workable system. The topics covered are:

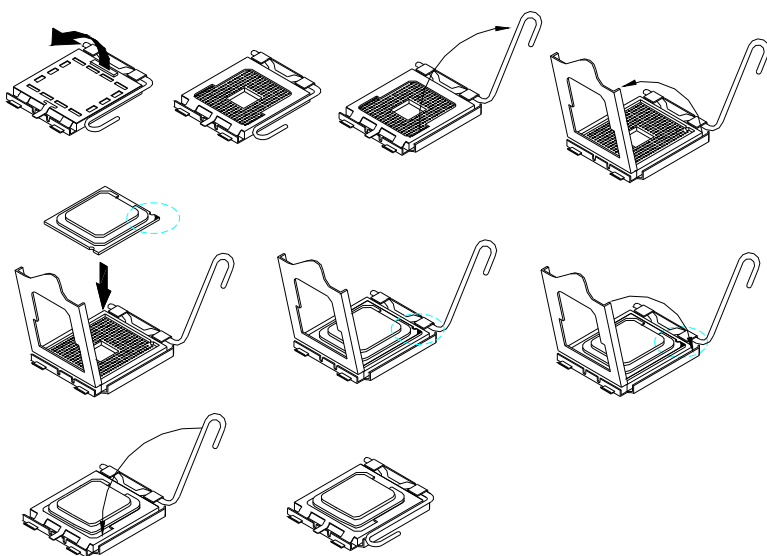
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## Installing the CPU

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The MB886 motherboard supports an LGA 775 processor socket for Intel® Pentium® 4 processors.

The LGA 775 processor socket comes with a lever to secure the processor. Refer to the pictures below, from left to right, on how to place the processor into the CPU socket. ***Please note that the cover of the LGA775 socket must always be installed during transport to avoid damage to the socket.***



## **ATX Power Installation**

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The system power is provided to the motherboard with the ATX1 and ATX\_12V power connectors. ATX1 is a 24-pin power connector and ATX\_12V is a 8-pin 12V power connector.

The 24-pin power connector can to be connected to a standard 20-pin ATX power connector in a standard ATX power supply (Min. 400watt).

Note: The power supply 5VSB voltage must be at least 2A.

## **Installing the Memory**

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The MB886 motherboard supports four DDR2 memory sockets for a maximum total memory of 4GB in DDR memory type. It supports DDR2 533/667.

Basically, the system memory interface has the following features:

- Supports two 64-bit wide DDR data channels
- Available bandwidth up to 5.3GB/s (DDR2 667) for single-channel mode and 10.7GB/s (DDR2 667) in dual-channel mode.
- Supports 256Mb, 512Mb, 1Gb DDR2 technologies.
- Supports only x8, x16, DDR2 devices with four banks
- Supports only unbuffered DIMMs
- Supports opportunistic refresh
- Up to 32 simultaneously open pages (four per row, four rows maximum)

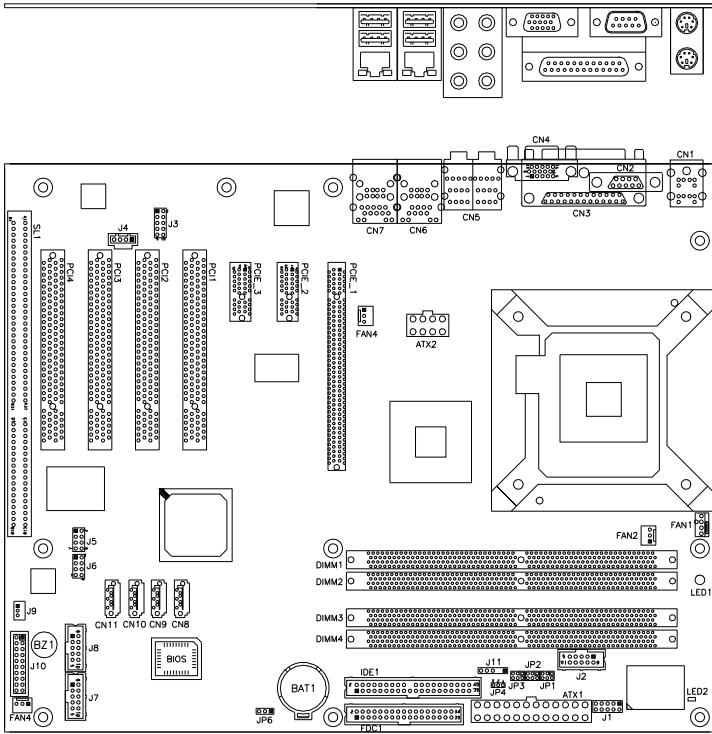
## Setting the Jumpers

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Jumpers are used on MB886 to select various settings and features according to your needs and applications. Contact your supplier if you have doubts about the best configuration for your needs. The following lists the connectors on MB886 and their respective functions.

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JP4: IDE DMA Mode Setting.....	10
JP6: Clear CMOS Contents .....	10



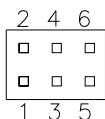
### Jumper Locations on MB886

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JP4: IDE DMA Mode Setting .....	10
JP6: Clear CMOS Contents .....	10

### JP1, JP2, JP3: RS232/422/485 (COM2) Selection

COM1 is fixed for RS-232 use only.

COM2 is selectable for RS232, RS-422 and RS-485. COM3 and COM4 are fixed for RS-232 use only. The following table describes the jumper settings for COM2 selection.



COM2 Function	RS-232	RS-422	RS-485
Jumper Setting (pin closed)	JP1: 1-2  JP2: 3-5 & 4-6  JP3: 3-5 & 4-6	JP1: 3-4  JP2: 1-3 & 2-4  JP3: 1-3 & 2-4	JP1: 5-6  JP2: 1-3 & 2-4  JP3: 1-3 & 2-4

### JP4: IDE DMA Mode Setting

JP4	Setting	Function
 1 2 3	Pin 1-2 Short/Closed	UDMA66 (default)
 1 2 3	Pin 2-3 Short/Closed	Forced UDMA33

### JP6: Clear CMOS Contents

Use JP6, a 3-pin header, to clear the CMOS contents. *Note that the ATX-power connector should be disconnected from the motherboard before clearing CMOS.*

JP6	Setting	Function
 1 2 3	Pin 1-2 Short/Closed	Normal
 1 2 3	Pin 2-3 Short/Closed	Clear CMOS

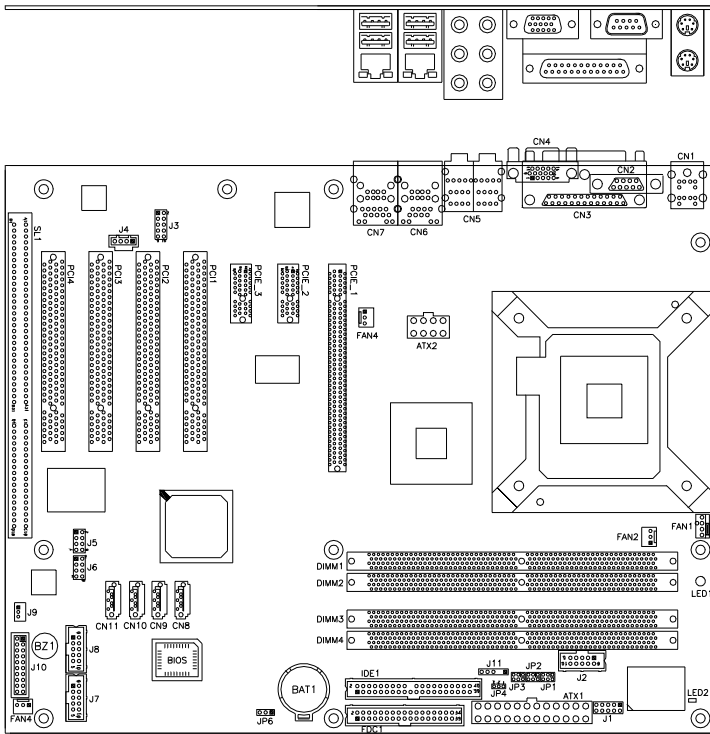
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## Connectors on MB886

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The connectors on MB886 allows you to connect external devices such as keyboard, floppy disk drives, hard disk drives, printers, etc. The following table lists the connectors on MB886 and their respective functions.

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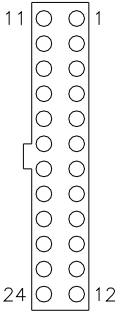


Connector Locations on MB886

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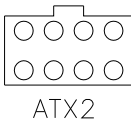


**ATX1: 24-pin ATX Power Connector**

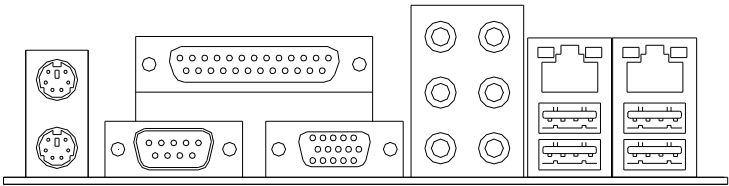


Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
3.3V	13	1	3.3V
-12V	14	2	3.3V
Ground	15	3	Ground
PS-ON	16	4	+5V
Ground	17	5	Ground
Ground	18	6	+5V
Ground	19	7	Ground
-5V	20	8	Power good
+5V	21	9	5VSB
+5V	22	10	+12V
+5V	23	11	+12V
Ground	24	12	+3.3V

**ATX2: ATX 12V Power Connector**

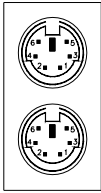


Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
+12V	5	1	Ground
+12V	6	2	Ground
+12V	7	3	Ground
+12V	8	4	Ground



MB886 Edge Connectors

**CN1: PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Connectors**

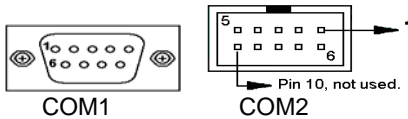


Mouse (top)  
Keyboard (bottom)

Keyboard Signal	Pin #	Mouse Signal
Keyboard data	1	Mouse data
N.C.	2	N.C.
GND	3	GND
5V	4	5V
Keyboard clock	5	Mouse clock
N.C.	6	N.C.

**CN2, J2, J7, J8: COM1/2/3/4 Serial Ports**

CN2 (COM1) is a DB-9 connector, while J2, J7 and J8 are a COM pin-header connectors.



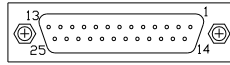
Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
DCD, Data carrier detect	1	6	DSR, Data set ready
RXD, Receive data	2	7	RTS, Request to send
TXD, Transmit data	3	8	CTS, Clear to send
DTR, Data terminal ready	4	9	RI, Ring indicator
GND, ground	5	10	Not Used

COM2 is jumper selectable for RS-232, RS-422 and RS-485.

Pin #	Signal Name		
	RS-232	R2-422	RS-485
1	DCD	TX-	DATA-
2	RX	TX+	DATA+
3	TX	RX+	NC
4	DTR	RX-	NC
5	Ground	Ground	Ground
6	DSR	RTS-	NC
7	RTS	RTS+	NC
8	CTS	CTS+	NC
9	RI	CTS-	NC
10	NC	NC	NC

**CN3: Parallel Port Connector**

CN3 is a DB-25 external connector situated on top of the VGA and serial ports.

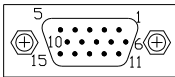


CN4 Parallel Port

Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
Line printer strobe	1	14	AutoFeed
PD0, parallel data 0	2	15	Error
PD1, parallel data 1	3	16	Initialize
PD2, parallel data 2	4	17	Select
PD3, parallel data 3	5	18	Ground
PD4, parallel data 4	6	19	Ground
PD5, parallel data 5	7	20	Ground
PD6, parallel data 6	8	21	Ground
PD7, parallel data 7	9	22	Ground
ACK, acknowledge	10	23	Ground
Busy	11	24	Ground
Paper empty	12	25	Ground
Select	13	N/A	N/A

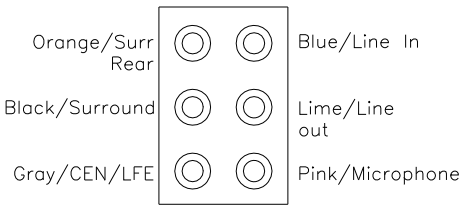
**CN4: VGA CRT Connector**

CN4 is a DB-15 VGA connector located beside the COM1 port. The following table shows the pin-out assignments of this connector.

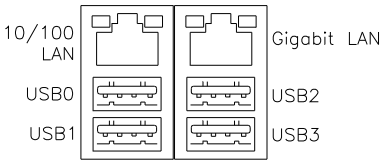


Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
Red	1	2	Green
Blue	3	4	N.C.
GND	5	6	GND
GND	7	8	GND
VCC	9	10	GND
N.C.	11	12	DDCDATA
HSYNC	13	14	VSYNC
DDCCLK	15		

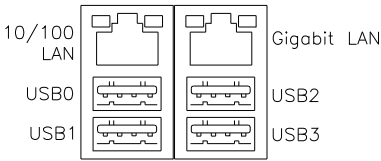
**CN5: Audio Connector**



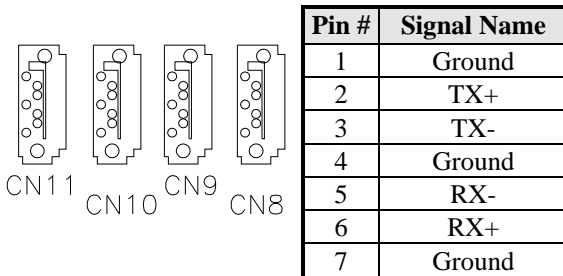
**CN6: 10/100 RJ-45 and USB0/1 Connector**



**CN7: GbE RJ-45 and USB2/3 Connector**

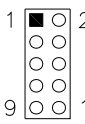


**CN11, CN10, CN9, CN8: SATA0/1/2/3 Connector**



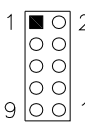
### J1: Digital I/O Connector (4 in, 4 out)

This 10-pin digital I/O connector supports TTL levels and is used to control external devices requiring ON/OFF circuitry.



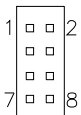
Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
Ground	1	2	+5V
Out3	3	4	Out1
Out2	5	6	Out0
IN3	7	8	IN1
IN2	9	10	IN0

### J3: Audio Front Header



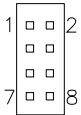
Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
MIC2_L	1	2	Ground
MIC2_R	3	4	Presence#
Line2_L	5	6	MIC2_ID
Sense	7	8	NC
Line2_R	9	10	Line2_ID

### J5: USB4/USB5 Connector



Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
Vcc	1	2	Ground
D5-	3	4	D4+
D5+	5	6	D4-
Ground	7	8	Vcc

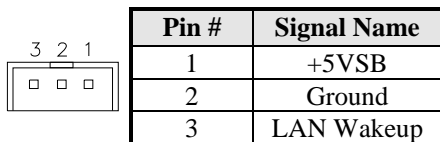
### J6: USB6/USB7 Connector



Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
Vcc	1	2	Ground
D7-	3	4	D6+
D7+	5	6	D6-
Ground	7	8	Vcc

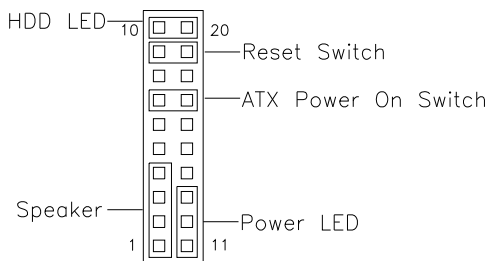
### J9: Wake On LAN Connector

J9 is a 3-pin header for the Wake On LAN function on the motherboard. The following table shows the pin out assignments of this connector. Wake On LAN will function properly only with an ATX power supply with 5VSB that has 1A.



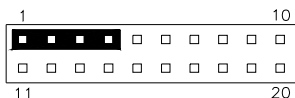
### J10: System Function Connector

J10 provides connectors for system indicators that provide light indication of the computer activities and switches to change the computer status.



#### Speaker: Pins 1 - 4

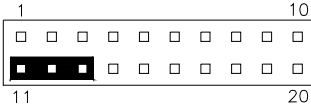
This connector provides an interface to a speaker for audio tone generation. An 8-ohm speaker is recommended.



Pin #	Signal Name
1	Speaker out
2	No connect
3	Ground
4	+5V

**Power LED: Pins 11 - 13**

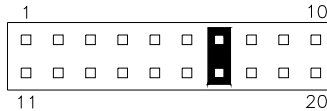
The power LED indicates the status of the main power switch.



Pin #	Signal Name
11	Power LED
12	No connect
13	Ground

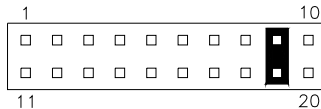
**ATX Power ON Switch: Pins 7 and 17**

This 2-pin connector is an “ATX Power Supply On/Off Switch” on the system that connects to the power switch on the case. When pressed, the power switch will force the system to power on. When pressed again, it will force the system to power off.



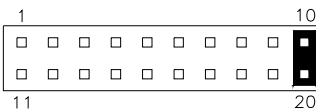
**Reset Switch: Pins 9 and 19**

The reset switch allows the user to reset the system without turning the main power switch off and then on again. Orientation is not required when making a connection to this header.



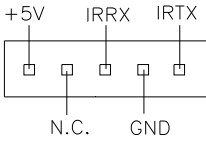
**Hard Disk Drive LED Connector: Pins 10 and 20**

This connector connects to the hard drive activity LED on control panel. This LED will flash when the HDD is being accessed.



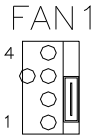
Pin #	Signal Name
10	HDD Active
20	5V

**J11: IrDA Connector**



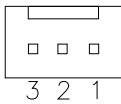
Pin #	Signal Name
1	+5V
2	No connect
3	Ir RX
4	Ground
5	Ir TX

**FAN1: CPU Fan Power Connector**



Pin #	Signal Name
1	Control
2	Sense
3	+12V
4	Ground

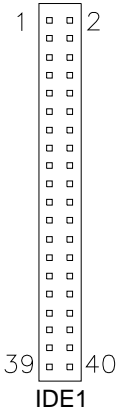
**FAN2, FAN3, FAN4: Fan Power Connectors**



Pin #	Signal Name
1	Sense
2	+12V
3	Rotation detection



**IDE1: Primary IDE Connectors**



Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
Reset IDE	1	2	Ground
Host data 7	3	4	Host data 8
Host data 6	5	6	Host data 9
Host data 5	7	8	Host data 10
Host data 4	9	10	Host data 11
Host data 3	11	12	Host data 12
Host data 2	13	14	Host data 13
Host data 1	15	16	Host data 14
Host data 0	17	18	Host data 15
Ground	19	20	Protect pin
DRQ0	21	22	Ground
Host IOW	23	24	Ground
Host IOR	25	26	Ground
IOCHRDY	27	28	Host ALE
DACK0	29	30	Ground
IRQ14	31	32	No connect
Address 1	33	34	No connect
Address 0	35	36	Address 2
Chip select 0	37	38	Chip select 1
Activity	39	40	Ground

**PCIE\_1: x16 PCI Express Slot**

**PCIE\_2, PCIE\_3: x1 PCI Express Slots**

**PCI1, PCI2, PCI3, PCI4: PCI Slots**

**SL1: ISA Slot**

**CN12: CF Socket**

## Watchdog Timer Configuration

---

The WDT is used to generate a variety of output signals after a user programmable count. The WDT is suitable for use in the prevention of system lock-up, such as when software becomes trapped in a deadlock. Under these sorts of circumstances, the timer will count to zero and the selected outputs will be driven. Under normal circumstance, the user will restart the WDT at regular intervals before the timer counts to zero.

### SAMPLE CODE:

```
//=====
//
// THIS CODE AND INFORMATION IS PROVIDED "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY
// KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE
// IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND/OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
// PURPOSE.
//
//=====
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "W627EHF.H"
//=====
int main (int argc, char *argv[]);
void copyright(void);
void EnableWDT(int);
void DisableWDT(void);
//=====
int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    unsigned char bBuf;
    unsigned char bTime;
    char **endptr;

    copyright();

    if (argc != 2)
    {
        printf(" Parameter incorrect!!\n");
        return 1;
    }

    if (Init_W627EHF() == 0)
    {
        printf(" Winbond 83627HF is not detected, program abort.\n");
        return 1;
    }
    bTime = strtol (argv[1], endptr, 10);
    printf("System will reset after %d seconds\n", bTime);

    EnableWDT(bTime);

    return 0;
}
//=====
```

```

void copyright(void)
{
    printf("\n===== Winbond 83627EHF Watch Timer Tester (AUTO DETECT) =====\n")
        "      Usage : W627E_WD reset_time\n"
        "      Ex : W627E_WD 3 => reset system after 3 second\n"
        "      W627E_WD 0 => disable watch dog timer\n");
}
//=====
void EnableWDT(int interval)
{
    unsigned char bBuf;

    bBuf = Get_W627EHF_Reg( 0x2D);
    bBuf &= (!0x01);
    Set_W627EHF_Reg( 0x2D, bBuf);           //Enable WDTO

    Set_W627EHF_LD( 0x08);                 //switch to logic device 8
    Set_W627EHF_Reg( 0x30, 0x01);         //enable timer

    bBuf = Get_W627EHF_Reg( 0xF5);
    bBuf &= (!0x08);
    Set_W627EHF_Reg( 0xF5, bBuf);         //count mode is second

    Set_W627EHF_Reg( 0xF6, interval);     //set timer
}
//=====
void DisableWDT(void)
{
    Set_W627EHF_LD(0x08);                 //switch to logic device 8
    Set_W627EHF_Reg(0xF6, 0x00);         //clear watchdog timer
    Set_W627EHF_Reg(0x30, 0x00);         //watchdog disabled
}
//=====

```

```
//=====
//
// THIS CODE AND INFORMATION IS PROVIDED "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY
// KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE
// IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND/OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
// PURPOSE.
//
//=====
#include "W627EHF.H"
#include <dos.h>
//=====
unsigned int W627EHF_BASE;
void Unlock_W627EHF (void);
void Lock_W627EHF (void);
//=====
unsigned int Init_W627EHF(void)
{
    unsigned int result;
    unsigned char ucDid;

    W627EHF_BASE = 0x2E;
    result = W627EHF_BASE;

    ucDid = Get_W627EHF_Reg(0x20);
    if (ucDid == 0x88)
    {
        goto Init_Finish;    }

    W627EHF_BASE = 0x4E;
    result = W627EHF_BASE;
    ucDid = Get_W627EHF_Reg(0x20);
    if (ucDid == 0x88)
    {
        goto Init_Finish;    }

    W627EHF_BASE = 0x00;
    result = W627EHF_BASE;

Init_Finish:
    return (result);
}
//=====
void Unlock_W627EHF (void)
{
    outportb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, W627EHF_UNLOCK);
    outportb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, W627EHF_UNLOCK);
}
//=====
void Lock_W627EHF (void)
{
    outportb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, W627EHF_LOCK);
}
//=====
void Set_W627EHF_LD( unsigned char LD)
{
    Unlock_W627EHF();
    outportb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, W627EHF_REG_LD);
    outportb(W627EHF_DATA_PORT, LD);
    Lock_W627EHF();
}
}
```

```

//=====
void Set_W627EHF_Reg( unsigned char REG, unsigned char DATA)
{
    Unlock_W627EHF();
    outportb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, REG);
    outportb(W627EHF_DATA_PORT, DATA);
    Lock_W627EHF();
}
//=====
unsigned char Get_W627EHF_Reg(unsigned char REG)
{
    unsigned char Result;
    Unlock_W627EHF();
    outportb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, REG);
    Result = inportb(W627EHF_DATA_PORT);
    Lock_W627EHF();
    return Result;
}
//=====

//=====
//
// THIS CODE AND INFORMATION IS PROVIDED "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY
// KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE
// IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND/OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
// PURPOSE.
//
//=====
#ifndef __W627EHF_H
#define __W627EHF_H                1
//=====
#define    W627EHF_INDEX_PORT      (W627EHF_BASE)
#define    W627EHF_DATA_PORT      (W627EHF_BASE+1)
//=====
#define    W627EHF_REG_LD          0x07
//=====
#define    W627EHF_UNLOCK          0x87
#define    W627EHF_LOCK            0xAA
//=====
unsigned int Init_W627EHF(void);
void Set_W627EHF_LD( unsigned char);
void Set_W627EHF_Reg( unsigned char, unsigned char);
unsigned char Get_W627EHF_Reg( unsigned char);
//=====
#endif // __W627EHF_H

```

File of the Main.cpp

```
//=====
// THIS CODE AND INFORMATION IS PROVIDED "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY
// KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE
// IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND/OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
// PURPOSE.
//=====
#include <dos.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "W627HF.H"
//=====
void ClrKbBuf(void);
int main (int argc, char *argv[]);
//=====
int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    unsigned char ucDO = 0;           //data for digital output
    unsigned char ucDI;              //data for digital input
    unsigned char ucBuf;

    Set_W627HF_LD(0x07);             //switch to logic device 7

    Set_W627HF_Reg(0xF1, 0x00);      //clear
    ucDI = Get_W627HF_Reg(0xF1) & 0x0F;

    ClrKbBuf();
    while(1)
    {
        ucDO++;
        Set_W627HF_Reg(0xF1, ((ucDO & 0x0F) << 4));
        ucBuf = Get_W627HF_Reg(0xF1) & 0x0F;
        if (ucBuf != ucDI)
        {
            ucDI = ucBuf;
            printf("Digital I/O Input Changed. Current Data is 0x%X\n",ucDI);
        }

        if (kbhit())
        {
            getch();
            break;
        }
        delay(500);
    }
    return 0;
}
//=====
void ClrKbBuf(void)
{
    while(kbhit())
    {
        getch();
    }
}
//-----
```

---

## BIOS Setup

This chapter describes the different settings available in the Award BIOS that comes with the board. The topics covered in this chapter are as follows:

BIOS Introduction .....	28
BIOS Setup .....	28
Standard CMOS Setup .....	30
Advanced BIOS Features .....	33
Advanced Chipset Features .....	36
Integrated Peripherals .....	38
Power Management Setup .....	42
PNP/PCI Configurations .....	45
PC Health Status .....	46
Frequency/Voltage Control .....	47
Load Fail-Safe Defaults .....	48
Load Optimized Defaults .....	48
Set Supervisor/User Password .....	48
Save & Exit Setup .....	48
Exit Without Saving .....	48

## BIOS Introduction

The Award BIOS (Basic Input/Output System) installed in your computer system's ROM supports Intel processors. The BIOS provides critical low-level support for a standard device such as disk drives, serial ports and parallel ports. It also adds virus and password protection as well as special support for detailed fine-tuning of the chipset controlling the entire system.

## BIOS Setup

The Award BIOS provides a Setup utility program for specifying the system configurations and settings. The BIOS ROM of the system stores the Setup utility. When you turn on the computer, the Award BIOS is immediately activated. Pressing the <Del> key immediately allows you to enter the Setup utility. If you are a little bit late pressing the <Del> key, POST (Power On Self Test) will continue with its test routines, thus preventing you from invoking the Setup. If you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system by pressing the "Reset" button or simultaneously pressing the <Ctrl>, <Alt> and <Delete> keys. You can also restart by turning the system Off and back On again. The following message will appear on the screen:

```
Press <DEL> to Enter Setup
```

In general, you press the arrow keys to highlight items, <Enter> to select, the <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to change entries, <F1> for help and <Esc> to quit.

When you enter the Setup utility, the Main Menu screen will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from various setup functions and exit choices.



## Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

Standard CMOS Features	Frequency/Voltage Control
Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
Advanced Chipset Features	Load Optimized Defaults
Integrated Peripherals	Set Supervisor Password
Power Management Setup	Set User Password
PnP/PCI Configurations	Save & Exit Setup
PC Health Status	Exit Without Saving
ESC : Quit	↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item
F10 : Save & Exit Setup	
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type...	

The section below the setup items of the Main Menu displays the control keys for this menu. At the bottom of the Main Menu just below the control keys section, there is another section, which displays information on the currently highlighted item in the list.

**Note:** *If the system cannot boot after making and saving system changes with Setup, the Award BIOS supports an override to the CMOS settings that resets your system to its default.*

**Warning:** *It is strongly recommended that you avoid making any changes to the chipset defaults. These defaults have been carefully chosen by both Award and your system manufacturer to provide the absolute maximum performance and reliability. Changing the defaults could cause the system to become unstable and crash in some cases.*

## Standard CMOS Setup

“Standard CMOS Setup” choice allows you to record some basic hardware configurations in your computer system and set the system clock and error handling. If the motherboard is already installed in a working system, you will not need to select this option. You will need to run the Standard CMOS option, however, if you change your system hardware configurations, the onboard battery fails, or the configuration stored in the CMOS memory was lost or damaged.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm:dd:yy)	Wed, Apr 28, 2004	Item Help
Time (hh:mm:ss)	00 : 00 : 00	Menu Level >
IDE Channel 0 Master	None	Change the day, month, Year and century
IDE Channel 0 Slave	None	
IDE Channel 1 Master	None	
IDE Channel 1 Slave	None	
Drive A	1.44M, 3.5 in.	
Drive B	None	
Video	EGA/VGA	
Halt On	All Errors	
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	129024K	
Total Memory	130048K	

At the bottom of the menu are the control keys for use on this menu. If you need any help in each item field, you can press the <F1> key. It will display the relevant information to help you. The memory display at the lower right-hand side of the menu is read-only. It will adjust automatically according to the memory changed. The following describes each item of this menu.

### Date

The date format is:

**Day :** Sun to Sat  
**Month :** 1 to 12  
**Date :** 1 to 31  
**Year :** 1999 to 2099

To set the date, highlight the “Date” field and use the PageUp/PageDown or +/- keys to set the current time.

### Time

The time format is: **Hour : 00 to 23**  
**Minute : 00 to 59**  
**Second : 00 to 59**

To set the time, highlight the “Time” field and use the <PgUp>/<PgDn> or +/- keys to set the current time.

### IDE Channel Master/Slave

The onboard PCI IDE connectors provide Primary and Secondary channels for connecting up to four IDE hard disks or other IDE devices. Each channel can support up to two hard disks; the first is the “Master” and the second is the “Slave”.

Press <Enter> to configure the hard disk. The selections include Auto, Manual, and None. Select ‘Manual’ to define the drive information manually. You will be asked to enter the following items.

**CYLS :** Number of cylinders  
**HEAD :** Number of read/write heads  
**PRECOMP :** Write precompensation  
**LANDING ZONE :** Landing zone  
**SECTOR :** Number of sectors

The Access Mode selections are as follows:

CHS (HD < 528MB)  
 LBA (HD > 528MB and supports  
 Logical Block Addressing)  
 Large (for MS-DOS only)  
 Auto

**Remarks:** The main board supports two serial ATA ports and are represented in this setting as IDE Channel 2 or 3.

### Drive A / Drive B

These fields identify the types of floppy disk drive A or drive B that has been installed in the computer. The available specifications are:

360KB	1.2MB	720KB	1.44MB	2.88MB
5.25 in.	5.25 in.	3.5 in.	3.5 in.	3.5 in.

## Video

This field selects the type of video display card installed in your system.

You can choose the following video display cards:

EGA/VGA	For EGA, VGA, SEGA, SVGA or PGA monitor adapters. (default)
CGA 40	Power up in 40 column mode.
CGA 80	Power up in 80 column mode.
MONO	For Hercules or MDA adapters.

## Halt On

This field determines whether or not the system will halt if an error is detected during power up.

No errors	The system boot will not be halted for any error that may be detected.
All errors	Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error, the system will stop and you will be prompted.
All, But Keyboard	The system boot will not be halted for a keyboard error; it will stop for all other errors
All, But Diskette	The system boot will not be halted for a disk error; it will stop for all other errors.
All, But Disk/Key	The system boot will not be halted for a keyboard or disk error; it will stop for all others.

## Advanced BIOS Features

This section allows you to configure and improve your system and allows you to set up some system features according to your preference.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Advanced BIOS Features

		ITEM HELP
CPU Feature	Press Enter	
Hard Disk Boot Priority	Press Enter	
Virus Warning	Disabled	Menu Level >
CPU L1 and L2 Cache	Enabled	
CPU L3 Cache	Enabled	
Quick Power On Self Test	Enabled	
First Boot Device	Floppy	
Second Boot Device	Hard Disk	
Third Boot Device	CDROM	
Boot Other Device	Enabled	
Swap Floppy Drive	Disabled	
Boot Up Floppy Seek	Disabled	
Boot Up NumLock Status	On	
Gate A20 Option	Fast	
Typematic Rate Setting	Disabled	
Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	6	
Typematic Delay (Msec)	250	
Security Option	Setup	
APIC Mode	Enabled	
MPS Version Control for OS	1.4	
OS Select For DRAM>64MB	Non-OS2	
Report No FDD For WIN 95	Yes	
Small Logo (EPA) Show	Enabled	

### CPU Feature

Press Enter to configure the settings relevant to CPU Feature.

### Hard Disk Boot Priority

With the field, there is the option to choose, aside from the hard disks connected, "Bootable add-in Cards" which refers to other external devices.

### Virus Warning

If this option is enabled, an alarm message will be displayed when trying to write on the boot sector or on the partition table on the disk, which is typical of the virus.

### CPU L1 / L2 / L3 Cache

Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). CPUs from 486-type on up contain internal cache memory, and most, but not all, modern PCs have additional (external) cache memory. When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory, for even faster access by the CPU. These items allow you to enable (speed up memory access) or disable the cache function. By default, these items are Enabled.

### **Quick Power On Self Test**

When enabled, this field speeds up the Power On Self Test (POST) after the system is turned on. If it is set to *Enabled*, BIOS will skip some items.

### **First/Second/Third Boot Device**

These fields determine the drive that the system searches first for an operating system. The options available include *Floppy*, *LS120*, *Hard Disk*, *CDROM*, *ZIP100*, *USB-Floppy*, *USB-ZIP*, *USB-CDROM*, *LAN* and *Disable*.

### **Boot Other Device**

These fields allow the system to search for an OS from other devices other than the ones selected in the First/Second/Third Boot Device.

### **Swap Floppy Drive**

This item allows you to determine whether or not to enable Swap Floppy Drive. When enabled, the BIOS swaps floppy drive assignments so that Drive A becomes Drive B, and Drive B becomes Drive A. By default, this field is set to *Disabled*.

### **Boot Up Floppy Seek**

This feature controls whether the BIOS checks for a floppy drive while booting up. If it cannot detect one (either due to improper configuration or its absence), it will flash an error message.

### **Boot Up NumLock Status**

This allows you to activate the NumLock function after you power up the system.

### **Gate A20 Option**

This field allows you to select how Gate A20 is worked. Gate A20 is a device used to address memory above 1 MB.

### **Typematic Rate Setting**

When disabled, continually holding down a key on your keyboard will generate only one instance. When enabled, you can set the two typematic controls listed next. By default, this field is set to *Disabled*.

### **Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)**

When the typematic rate is enabled, the system registers repeated keystrokes speeds. Settings are from 6 to 30 characters per second.

### **Typematic Delay (Msec)**

When the typematic rate is enabled, this item allows you to set the time interval for displaying the first and second characters. By default, this item is set to *250msec*.

### **Security Option**

This field allows you to limit access to the System and Setup. The default value is *Setup*. When you select *System*, the system prompts for the User Password every time you boot up. When you select *Setup*, the system always boots up and prompts for the Supervisor Password only when the Setup utility is called up.

### **APIC Mode**

APIC stands for Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller. The default setting is *Enabled*.

### **MPS Version Control for OS**

This option specifies the MPS (Multiprocessor Specification) version for your operating system. MPS version 1.4 added extended configuration tables to improve support for multiple PCI bus configurations and improve future expandability. The default setting is *1.4*.

### **OS Select for DRAM > 64MB**

This option allows the system to access greater than 64MB of DRAM memory when used with OS/2 that depends on certain BIOS calls to access memory. The default setting is *Non-OS/2*.

### **Report No FDD For WIN 95**

If you are using Windows 95/98 without a floppy disk drive, select *Enabled* to release IRQ6. This is required to pass Windows 95/98's SCT test. You should also disable the Onboard FDC Controller in the Integrated Peripherals screen when there's no floppy drive in the system. If you set this feature to *Disabled*, the BIOS will not report the missing floppy drive to Win95/98.

### **Small Logo (EPA) Show**

The EPA logo appears at the right side of the monitor screen when the system is boot up. The default setting is *Enabled*.

## Advanced Chipset Features

This Setup menu controls the configuration of the chipset.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Advanced Chipset Features

		ITEM HELP
DRAM Timing Selectable	By SPD	Menu Level >
CAS Latency Time	4	
DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay	4	
DRAM RAS# Precharge	4	
Precharge delay (tRAS)	12	
System Memory Frequency	533MHZ	
SLP_S4# Assertion Width	1 to 2 Sec	
System BIOS Cacheable	Enabled	
Video BIOS Cacheable	Disabled	
Memory Hole at 15M-16M	Disabled	
PCI Express Root Port Func	Press Enter	
** On-Chip VGA Setting **		
PEG/On Chip VGA Control	Auto	
PEG Force x1	Disabled	
On-Chip Frame Buffer Size	8MB	
DVMT Mode	DVMT	
DVMT/FIXED memory Size	128MB	
Onboard PCU-E LAN	Enable	
Onchip ICH7 LAN	Enable	

### DRAM Timing Selectable

This option refers to the method by which the DRAM timing is selected. The default is **By SPD**.

### CAS Latency Time

You can configure CAS latency time in HCLKs as 2 or 2.5 or 3. The system board designer should set the values in this field, depending on the DRAM installed. Do not change the values in this field unless you change specifications of the installed DRAM or the installed CPU.

### DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay

This option allows you to insert a delay between the RAS (Row Address Strobe) and CAS (Column Address Strobe) signals. This delay occurs when the SDRAM is written to, read from or refreshed. Reducing the delay improves the performance of the SDRAM.



**DRAM RAS# Precharge**

This option sets the number of cycles required for the RAS to accumulate its charge before the SDRAM refreshes. The default setting for the Active to Precharge Delay is **4**.

**Precharge Delay (tRAS)**

The default setting for the Precharge Delay is **12**.

**System Memory Frequency**

The default setting is **533MHz**.

**SLP\_S4# Assertion Width**

The default setting is **1 to 2 Sec**.

**System BIOS Cacheable**

The setting of *Enabled* allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F000h-FFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

**Video BIOS Cacheable**

The Setting *Enabled* allows caching of the video BIOS ROM at C0000h-F7FFFh, resulting in better video performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

**Memory Hole At 15M-16M**

In order to improve performance, certain space in memory can be reserved for ISA cards. This memory must be mapped into the memory space below 16 MB. The choices are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

**On-Chip VGA Setting**

The fields under the On-Chip VGA Setting and their default settings are:

PEG/On Chip VGA Control: Auto

PEG Force x1: Disabled

On-Chip Frame Buffer Size: 8MB

DVMT Mode: DVMT

DVMT/Fixed Memory Size: 128MB

**Onboard PCI-E LAN**

By default, this setting is enabled.

**Onchip ICH7 LAN**

By default, this setting is enabled.

## Integrated Peripherals

This section sets configurations for your hard disk and other integrated peripherals. The first screen shows three main items for user to select. Once an item selected, a submenu appears. Details follow.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Integrated Peripherals

OnChip IDE Device	Press Enter	ITEM HELP
Onboard Device	Press Enter	Menu Level >
SuperIO Device	Press Enter	
2 <sup>nd</sup> SuperIO Device	Press Enter	

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
**OnChip IDE Device**

IDE HDD Block Mode	Enabled	ITEM HELP
IDE DMA transfer access	Enabled	Menu Level >
On-chip Primary PCI IDE	Enabled	
IDE Primary Master PIO	Auto	
IDE Primary Slave PIO	Auto	
IDE Primary Master UDMA	Auto	
IDE Primary Slave UDMA	Auto	
On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE	Enabled	
IDE Secondary Master PIO	Auto	
IDE Secondary Slave PIO	Auto	
IDE Secondary Master UDMA	Auto	
IDE Secondary Slave UDMA	Auto	
*** On-Chip Serial ATA Setting ***		
On-Chip Serial ATA	Auto	
SATA Port Speed Settings	Disabled	
PATA IDE Mode	Primary	
SATA port	P1, P3 is Secondary	

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
**Onboard Device**

USB Controller	Enabled	ITEM HELP
USB 2.0 Controller	Enabled	Menu Level >
USB Keyboard Support	Disabled	
USB Mouse Support	Disabled	
Azalia AC97 Audio Select	Auto	

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
**2<sup>nd</sup> Super IO Device**

Onboard Serial Port 3	3E8h	ITEM HELP
Serial Port 3 Use IRQ	IRQ11	Menu Level >
Onboard Serial Port 4	Disabled	
Serial Port 4 Use IRQ	IRQ10a	

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

**SuperIO Device**

		ITEM HELP
POWER ON Function	BUTTON ONLY	
KB Power ON Password	Enter	
Hot Key power ON	Ctrl-F1	
Onboard FDC Controller	Enabled	
Onboard Serial Port 1	3F8/IRQ4	Menu Level >
Onboard Serial Port 2	2F8/IRQ3	
UART Mode Select	Normal	
RxD , TxD Active	Hi, Lo	
IR Transmission Delay	Disabled	
UR2 Duplex Mode	Half	
Use IR Pins	IR-Rx2Tx2	
PWRON After PWR-Fail	Off	

**IDE HDD Block Mode**

This field allows your hard disk controller to use the fast block mode to transfer data to and from your hard disk drive.

**IDE DMA Transfer Access**

This field, by default, is enabled

**On-chip Primary PCI IDE Enabled**

This field, by default, is enabled

**OnChip Primary/Secondary PCI IDE**

The integrated peripheral controller contains an IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select *Enabled* to activate each channel separately.

**IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO**

These fields allow your system hard disk controller to work faster. Rather than have the BIOS issue a series of commands that transfer to or from the disk drive, PIO (Programmed Input/Output) allows the BIOS to communicate with the controller and CPU directly.

The system supports five modes, numbered from 0 (default) to 4, which primarily differ in timing. When Auto is selected, the BIOS will select the best available mode.

**IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA**

These fields allow your system to improve disk I/O throughput to 33Mb/sec with the Ultra DMA/33 feature. The options are *Auto* and *Disabled*.

### **On-Chip Serial ATA Setting**

The fields under the SATA setting includes SATA Mode (IDE), On-Chip Serial ATA (Auto), PATA IDE Mode (Secondary) and SATA Port (PO, P2 is Primary).

### **USB Controller**

The options for this field are *Enabled* and *Disabled*. By default, this field is set to *Enabled*.

### **USB 2.0 Controller**

The options for this field are *Enabled* and *Disabled*. By default, this field is set to *Enabled*. In order to use USB 2.0, necessary OS drivers must be installed first. *Please update your system to Windows 2000 SP4 or Windows XP SP2.*

### **USB Keyboard and Mouse Support**

The options for this field are *Enabled* and *Disabled*. By default, this field is set to *Disabled*.

### **Azalia AC97 Audio Select**

This field, by default, is set to *Auto*. The selections are *Azalia, AC97 Audio and Modem, AC97 Audio only, AC97 Modem only, and All Disabled*.

### **Power ON Function**

This field is related to how the system is powered on – such as with the use of conventional power button, keyboard or hot keys. The default is *BUTTON ONLY*.

### **KB Power ON Password**

This field allows users to set the password when keyboard power on is the mode of the Power ON function.

### **Hot Key Power ON**

This field sets certain keys, also known as hot keys, on the keyboard that can be used as a ‘switch’ to power on the system.

### **Onboard FDC Controller**

Select *Enabled* if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the motherboard and you wish to use it. If you install an add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select *Disabled* in this field. This option allows you to select the onboard FDD port.

**Onboard Serial Port**

These fields allow you to select the onboard serial ports and their addresses. The default values for these ports are:

Serial Port 1	3F8/IRQ4
Serial Port 2	2F8/IRQ3

**UART Mode Select**

This field determines the UART 2 mode in your computer. The default value is *Normal*. Other options include *IrDA* and *ASKIR*.

**PWRON After PWR-Fail**

This field sets the system power status whether *on or off* when power returns to the system from a power failure situation.

## Power Management Setup

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Power Management Setup

ACPI Function	Enabled	ITEM HELP
ACPI Suspend	S1(POS)	
RUN VGABIOS if S3 Resume	Auto	Menu Level >
Power Management	User Define	
Video Off Method	DPMS	
Video Off In Suspend	Yes	
Suspend Type	Stop Grant	
Modem Use IRQ	3	
Suspend Mode	Disabled	
HDD Power Down	Disabled	
Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN	Instant-Off	
Wake-Up by PCI Card	Disabled	
Power On by Ring	Disabled	
Resume by Alarm	Disabled	
Date (of Month) Alarm	0	
Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm	0 : 0 : 0	
** Reload Global Timer Events **		
Primary IDE 0	Disabled	
Primary IDE 1	Disabled	
Secondary IDE 0	Disabled	
Secondary IDE 1	Disabled	
FDD, COM, LPT Port	Disabled	
PCI PIRQ[A-D] #	Disabled	

### ACPI Function

Enable this function to support ACPI (Advance Configuration and Power Interface).

### ACPI Suspend

The default setting of the ACPI Suspend mode is *SI(POS)*.

### RUN VGABIOS if S3 Resume

The default setting of this field is *Auto*.

### Power Management

This field allows you to select the type of power saving management modes. There are four selections for Power Management.

Min. Power Saving	Minimum power management
Max. Power Saving	Maximum power management.
User Define	Each of the ranges is from 1 min. to 1hr. Except for HDD Power Down which ranges from 1 min. to 15 min.

---

### Video Off Method

This field defines the Video Off features. There are three options.

V/H SYNC + Blank	Default setting, blank the screen and turn off vertical and horizontal scanning.
DPMS	Allows BIOS to control the video display.
Blank Screen	Writes blanks to the video buffer.

### Video Off In Suspend

When enabled, the video is off in suspend mode.

### Suspend Type

The default setting for the Suspend Type field is *Stop Grant*.

### Modem Use IRQ

This field sets the IRQ used by the Modem. By default, the setting is 3.

### Suspend Mode

When enabled, and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off.

### HDD Power Down

When enabled, and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active.

### Soft-Off by PWRBTN

This field defines the power-off mode when using an ATX power supply. The *Instant Off* mode allows powering off immediately upon pressing the power button. In the *Delay 4 Sec* mode, the system powers off when the power button is pressed for more than four seconds or enters the suspend mode when pressed for less than 4 seconds.

### Wake up by PCI Card

By default, this field is disabled.

### Power On by Ring

This field enables or disables the power on of the system through the modem connected to the serial port or LAN.

### Resume by Alarm

This field enables or disables the resumption of the system operation. When enabled, the user is allowed to set the *Date* and *Time*.

### **Reload Global Timer Events**

The HDD, FDD, COM, LPT Ports, and PCI PIRQ are I/O events that can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. When an I/O device wants to gain the attention of the operating system, it signals this by causing an IRQ to occur. When the operating system is ready to respond to the request, it interrupts itself and performs the service.



## PNP/PCI Configurations

This option configures the PCI bus system. All PCI bus systems on the system use INT#, thus all installed PCI cards must be set to this value.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
PnP/PCI Configurations

		ITEM HELP
Init Display First	PCI Slot	Menu Level  Select Yes if you are using a Plug and Play capable operating system Select No if you need the BIOS to configure non-boot devices
Reset Configuration Data	Disabled	
Resources Controlled By	Auto (ESCD)	
IRQ Resources	Press Enter	
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	Disabled	
INT Pin 1 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 2 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 3 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 4 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 5 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 6 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 7 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 8 Assignment	Auto	
**PCI Express relative items**		
Maximum Payload Size	4096	

### Init Display First

The default setting is *PCI Card*.

### Reset Configuration Data

This field allows you to determine whether to reset the configuration data or not. The default value is *Disabled*.

### Resources Controlled by

This PnP BIOS can configure all of the boot and compatible devices with the use of a PnP operating system such as Windows 95.

### PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

Some non-standard VGA display cards may not show colors properly. This field allows you to set whether or not MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards can work with PCI/VGA. When this field is enabled, a PCI/VGA can work with an MPEG ISA/VESA VGA card. When this field is disabled, a PCI/VGA cannot work with an MPEG ISA/VESA card.

### Maximum Payload Size

The default setting of the PCI Express Maximum Payload Size is 4096.

## PC Health Status

This section shows the parameters in determining the PC Health Status. These parameters include temperatures, fan speeds and voltages.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
PC Health Status

		ITEM HELP
CPU Warning Temperature	Disabled	
Current System Temp	45°C/113°F	
Current CPU TEMP	45°C/113°F	
FAN2 Speed	5400 RPM	
FAN1 Speed	5400 RPM	
Vcore(V)	1.02 V	
12 V	1.32 V	
1.8V	1.8V	
+5V	5.25 V	
3.3V	3.37V	
VBAT (V)	3.21 V	
5VSB(V)	5.67 V	
Smart Fan2 Temperature	Disabled	
Smart Fan2 Tolerance Value	5	
		Menu Level >

### CPU Warning Temperature

This field allows the user to set the temperature so that when the temperature is reached, the system sounds a warning. This function can help prevent damage to the system that is caused by overheating.

### Temperatures/Voltages

These fields are the parameters of the hardware monitoring function feature of the motherboard. The values are read-only values as monitored by the system and show the PC health status.

### Smart Fan2 Temperature

This field enables or disables the smart fan feature. At a certain temperature, the fan starts turning. Once the temperature drops to a certain level, it stops turning again.

### Smart Fan Tolerance Value

The default value is 5.

## Frequency/Voltage Control

This section shows the user how to configure the processor frequency.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Frequency/Voltage Control

CPU Clock Ratio	14x	ITEM HELP
Auto Detect PCI Clk	Disabled	Menu Level >
Spread Spectrum Modulated	Disabled	

### CPU Clock Ratio

This field's default setting is **14x**.

### Auto Detect PCI Clk

This field enables or disables the auto detection of the PCI clock.

### Spread Spectrum Modulated

This field sets the value of the spread spectrum. The default setting is **Disabled**. This field is for CE testing use only.

### **Load Fail-Safe Defaults**

This option allows you to load the troubleshooting default values permanently stored in the BIOS ROM. These default settings are non-optimal and disable all high-performance features.

### **Load Optimized Defaults**

This option allows you to load the default values to your system configuration. These default settings are optimal and enable all high performance features.

### **Set Supervisor Password**

These two options set the system password. Supervisor Password sets a password that will be used to protect the system and Setup utility. User Password sets a password that will be used exclusively on the system. To specify a password, highlight the type you want and press <Enter>. The Enter Password: message prompts on the screen. Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The system confirms your password by asking you to type it again. After setting a password, the screen automatically returns to the main screen.

To disable a password, just press the <Enter> key when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password to be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

### **Save & Exit Setup**

This option allows you to determine whether or not to accept the modifications. If you type “Y”, you will quit the setup utility and save all changes into the CMOS memory. If you type “N”, you will return to Setup utility.

### **Exit Without Saving**

Select this option to exit the Setup utility without saving the changes you have made in this session. Typing “Y” will quit the Setup utility without saving the modifications. Typing “N” will return you to Setup utility.

## Drivers Installation

This section describes the installation procedures for software and drivers under the Windows 2000 and Windows XP. The software and drivers are included with the board. If you find the items missing, please contact the vendor where you made the purchase. The contents of this section include the following:

Intel 945G Chipset Software Installation Utility.....	50
Intel 945G Chipset Graphics Driver.....	52
Realtek Codec Audio Driver Installation .....	53
Intel LAN Drivers Installation .....	54

### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

After installing your Windows operating system (Windows 2000/XP), you must install first the Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility before proceeding with the drivers installation.

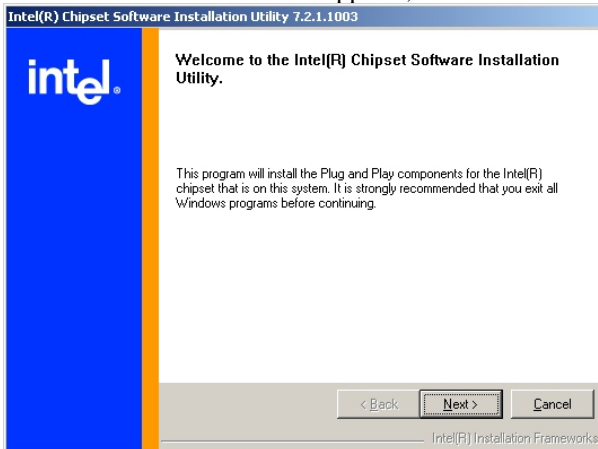
## Intel 945G Chipset Software Installation Utility

The Intel® 945G Chipset Drivers should be installed first before the software drivers to enable Plug & Play INF support for Intel chipset components. Follow the instructions below to complete the installation under Windows 2000/XP. (Before installed Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility, Please update your system to Windows 2000 SP4 or Windows XP SP1A)

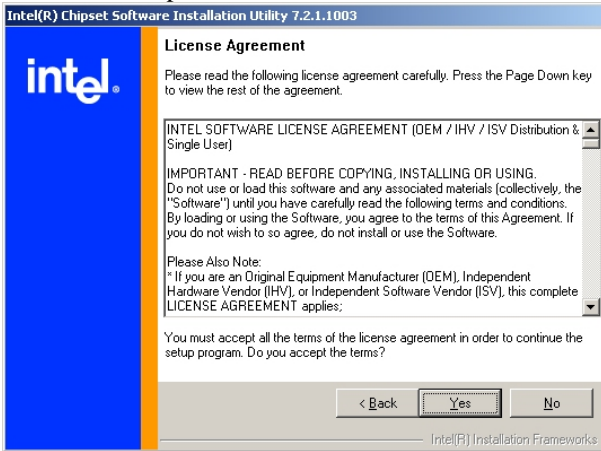
1. Insert the CD that comes with the board and the screen below would appear. Click **Intel Chipsets**, then **Intel(R) Chipset Software Installation Utility**.



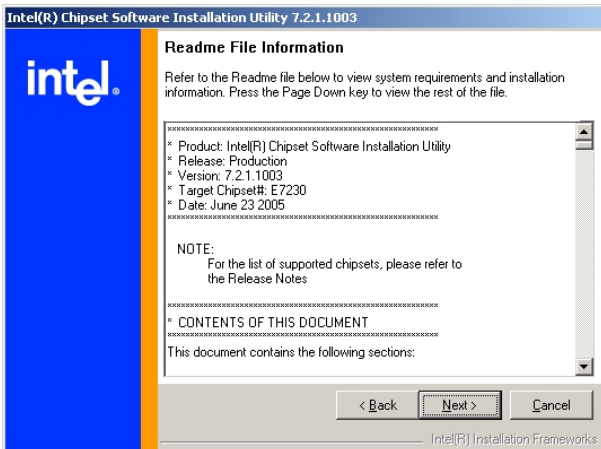
2. When the Welcome screen appears, click **Next** to continue.



3. Click **Yes** to accept the software license agreement and proceed with the installation process.



4. On Readme Information screen, click **Next** to continue the installation.



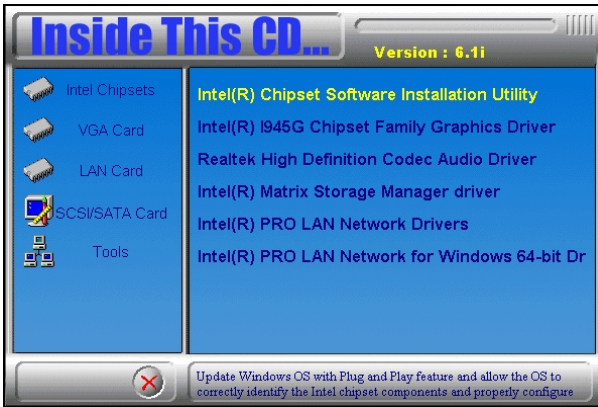
5. The Setup process is now complete. Click **Finish** to restart the computer and for changes to take effect.

## Intel 945G Chipset Graphics Driver

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The Intel® 945G Chipset Family Graphics Drivers come in the CD with the motherboard. Follow the instructions below to complete the installation under Windows 2000/XP.

1. Insert the CD that comes with the board and the screen below would appear. Click **Intel Chipsets**, then **Intel (R) I945G Chipset Family Graphics Driver**.



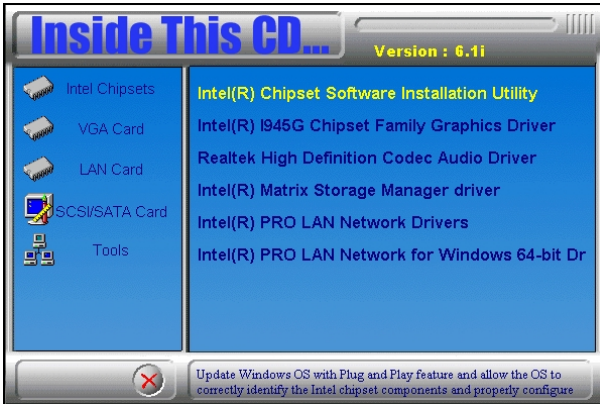
2. When the Welcome screen appears, click **Next** to continue.
3. Click **Yes** to accept the software license agreement and proceed with the installation process.
4. The Setup process is now complete. Click **Finish** to restart the computer and for changes to take effect.



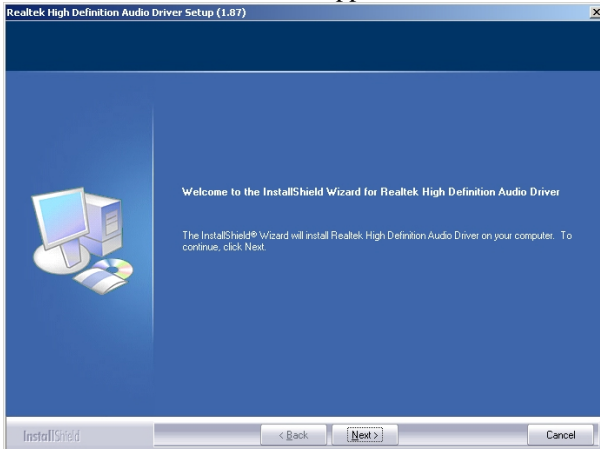
## Realtek Codec Audio Driver Installation

Follow the steps below to install the Realtek High Definition Codec Audio Drivers.

1. Insert the CD that comes with the board and the screen below would appear. Click **Intel Chipsets**, then **Realtek High Definition Codec Audio Driver**.



2. When the Welcome screen appears, click **Next** to continue.

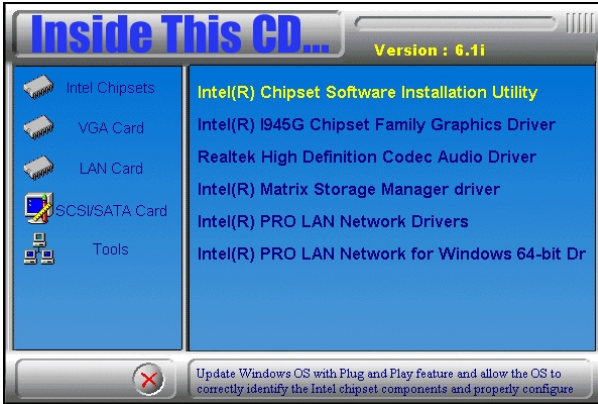


3. The Setup process is now complete. Restart the computer when prompted for changes to take effect.

## Intel LAN Drivers Installation

Follow the steps below to start installing the Intel PCI Express Gigabit LAN drivers.

1. Insert the CD that comes with the board. On the initial screen, click on *Intel Chipsets* and then *Intel(R) PRO LAN Network Drivers*.



2. On the next screen, click *Install Drivers* to start the drivers installation.



3. Follow the instructions accordingly and restart the computer when prompted changes to take effect.

## Appendix

### A. I/O Port Address Map

Each peripheral device in the system is assigned a set of I/O port addresses that also becomes the identity of the device. The following table lists the I/O port addresses used.

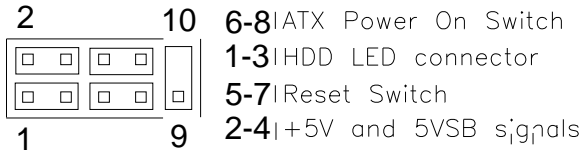
Address	Device Description
000h - 01Fh	DMA Controller #1
020h - 03Fh	Interrupt Controller #1
040h - 05Fh	Timer
060h - 06Fh	Keyboard Controller
070h - 07Fh	Real Time Clock, NMI
080h - 09Fh	DMA Page Register
0A0h - 0BFh	Interrupt Controller #2
0C0h - 0DFh	DMA Controller #2
0F0h	Clear Math Coprocessor Busy Signal
0F1h	Reset Math Coprocessor
1F0h - 1F7h	IDE Interface
278h - 27Fh	Parallel Port #2(LPT2)
2F8h - 2FFh	Serial Port #2(COM2)
2B0h - 2DFh	Graphics adapter Controller
378h - 3FFh	Parallel Port #1(LPT1)
360h - 36Fh	Network Ports
3B0h - 3BFh	Monochrome & Printer adapter
3C0h - 3CFh	EGA adapter
3D0h - 3DFh	CGA adapter
3F0h - 3F7h	Floppy Disk Controller
3F8h - 3FFh	Serial Port #1(COM1)

## B. Interrupt Request Lines (IRQ)

Peripheral devices use interrupt request lines to notify CPU for the service required. The following table shows the IRQ used by the devices on board.

Level	Function
IRQ0	System Timer Output
IRQ1	Keyboard
IRQ2	Interrupt Cascade
IRQ3	Serial Port #2
IRQ4	Serial Port #1
IRQ5	Reserved
IRQ6	Floppy Disk Controller
IRQ7	Parallel Port #1
IRQ8	Real Time Clock
IRQ9	Reserved
IRQ10	Reserved
IRQ11	Reserved
IRQ12	PS/2 Mouse
IRQ13	80287
IRQ14	Primary IDE
IRQ15	Secondary IDE

**J10 (F\_PANEL): System Function Connector**



**ATX Power ON Switch: 6-8**

This 2-pin connector is an “ATX Power Supply On/Off Switch” on the system that connects to the power switch on the case. When pressed, the power switch will force the system to power on. When pressed again, it will force the system to power off.

**Hard Disk Drive LED Connector: 1-3**

This connector connects to the hard drive activity LED on control panel. This LED will flash when the HDD is being accessed.

Pin #	Signal Name
4	HDD Active
3	5V

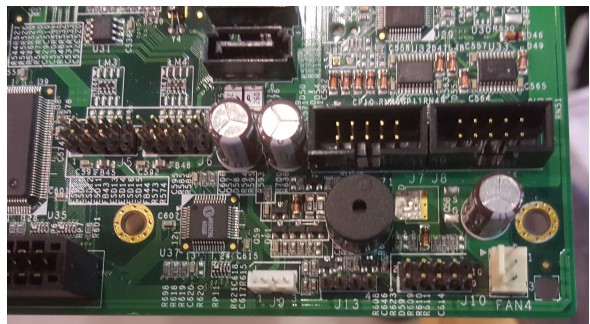
**Reset Switch: 5-7**

The reset switch allows the user to reset the system without turning the main power switch off and then on again. Orientation is not required when making a connection to this header.

**Power-On Signal (+5V or +5VSB\*) Signals : 2-4**

Pin #	Signal Name
2	GND
4	+5V +5VSB*

\*only on rev 1.2  
 R622 for mode selection  
 1-2 = +5vsb  
 2-3 = +5v



# MB886P

## Power-On LED

### Selection Source

There are two sources for MB886P power LED, 5VSB or VCC. Default configuration is 5VSB, That's why it is always on.

In case you would like to do modification, please refer to picture

